

MAGAZINE

**ISSUE 260 – JULY 2022** 

# Priva **Keeping your** secrets secret

**Devuan:** Defiant Debian fork with old-school init

**Charts and Graphs** in LibreOffice

fzf/fzy: Fuzzy search in the shell

**DistroTest.net:** Test a Linux distro in a browser window

SPECIAL

47

LIN



**INUX NEW MEDIA** 



Devuan, with its promise of Init Freedom, provides users an alternative to systemd as an init process. By Bruce Byfield

ong-time Linux users may remember a time when Debian was viewed as a collection of anarchists, with radical ideas about voting and decision-making. At times, Debian was even the lone dissenter among distributions about decisions made by the Free Software Foundation. However, over the years, Debian has developed its own hierarchy along the way to becoming the source for some two-thirds of active distributions. Today, the Debian derivative most reminiscent of early Debian is Devuan [1], which forked from Debian in 2014 over how decisions were made and the technical connotations of using systemd.



Recently, two Devuan developers fsmithred, who builds the live images and helps with support, and golinux, the community manager - took the time to recall Devuan's past and why their issues are still relevant today. Because Devuan lacks a formal hierarchy, they emphasize that their remarks are "unofficially official."

In 2014, major Linux distributions were transitioning from SysVinit to systemd as an init process - init being the first process to start on a system and the one that manages other processes. Ubuntu had started using Upstart a decade earlier with little controversy. By contrast, systemd was controversial from its earliest days. To start with, systemd is much more than an init system. Rather, as contributor dasein described on the Debian User Forums, "calling systemd an init system is like calling an

automobile a cup holder" [2]. That is, while systemd includes the functions of an init system, dasein said systemd is also "an effort to recreate large portions of existing userspace (including login, job scheduling, and networking, just to name a few) inside a single process traditionally reserved for the sole purpose of starting \*nix userspace. (Just in case it isn't clear, there is a huge difference between starting userspace (init) and being userspace (systemd).)"

From this perspective, not only is systemd overkill, but it is a violation of the basic tenet of Unix development that an application does only one thing and does it very well. As Christopher Berry stated in the Linux Kernel Archive, this philosophy is what makes Linux "a collection of simple modular components that could be plugged together at will to do real work" [3] – an operating system that is both flexible and accessible. Just as importantly, a be assembled in different ways, so that

REVIEW Distro Walk – Devuan

each distribution can be unique. By contrast, systemd imposes a structure on all Linux systems that reduces variety – which is convenient in some ways, but needlessly limiting in timehonored ways.

As expected, the Debian mail forums debated these perspectives extensively. Unsurprisingly, the discussion culminated in a General Resolution among Debian users, with many Debian office users favoring systemd. The winning option was to use systemd, but at the same time, a more general resolution to favor systemd placed last – a decided ambiguity. Although rarely stated in so many words, much of the dissatisfaction implied that the decision to use systemd was imposed by the Debian hierarchy upon the general membership.

Whether this implication was valid is besides the point. Many believed it was. On November 24, 2014, the Devuan fork was announced. The intention was "to produce a reliable and minimalist base distribution that stays away from the homogenization and lock-in promoted by systemd" [4].

# Introducing Init Freedom

Rather than being seen as simply an anti-systemd project, Devuan calls its position Init Freedom (Figure 1). The name invokes Richard Stallman's four essential freedoms, although the idea itself might seem less basic. Devuan's Init Freedom page [5] simply defines the idea as being "about restoring a sane approach to PID1 [init] that respects portability, diversity, and freedom of choice," assuming that the value of these goals is self-evident.

In practice, Init Freedom means supporting a choice of init freedoms. Although systemd advocates often



Figure 1: Devuan supports a choice of init alternatives.

maintain that supporting multiple init systems would make packaging more difficult, from its first release, Devuan has continually added init alternatives without any apparent difficulties. Today, in addition to the default Sys-Vinit, Devuan lists six alternatives: OpenRC, runit, sinit, s6, 66-devuan, and Shepherd, and it is open to considering others. Fsmithred suggests that most people simply use sysVinit, although OpenRC and runit, which use SysVinit scripts, are also available. Scripts are also being developed for runit and to extend usability of other shipped alternatives. For those interested in learning more, discussion can be found on the Dev1 Galaxy Forum [6] and on Devuan's IRC channel [7].

In addition, the Init Freedom page lists other Linux distributions that offer systemd-free alternatives, as well as other Unices such as the BSD Family. DistroWatch also offers a search filter for distros without systemd – currently, 97, a total far higher than many might suspect, although it includes only a handful of major distributions, such as MX Linux, Alpine Linux, and KNOPPIX [8]. Devuan keeps in close touch with these distributions, especially on the Dev1 Galaxy Forum.

Fsmithred adds that, "We rely heavily on Debian. Most of the packages in Devuan are unchanged from Debian. We only fork packages that require systemd. There is collaboration between Devuan and Debian on a few packages, and we occasionally send bug fixes or patches upstream to Debian for packages we do not fork."

# **Beyond Init Freedom**

Devuan is usually referred to in terms of Init Freedom - often with the obviously mistaken assumption that it is a lost cause. However, Devuan also features Docker images and communitydeveloped ARM packages. Chimaera, the latest Devuan release, also includes an option to not install PulseAudio to enable simultaneous speech synthesis in both a graphical and console session. In addition, at least one Devuanderivative exists, Maemo Leste, whose goal is "to provide a free and open source Maemo experience on mobile phones and tablets like the Nokia N900, Motorola Droid 4, Motorola

Bionic, PinePhone, PineTab, Allwinner tablets, and more" [9]. Although Devuan might be a niche distribution, clearly it is a thriving one.

But can Devuan's cause become mainstream? It's not impossible. Linux is in an era in which large parts of it are being written. If PulseAudio can be replaced with PipeWire – which is currently happening – then systemd's obsolescence is not impossible, either. Meanwhile, for those who disagree with the majority, Devuan provides a workable alternative, while keeping the early spirit of Debian alive.

## Info

- [1] Devuan: https://www.devuan.org
- [2] "Combating revisionist history" by dasein, Debian User Forums, February 25, 2015: https://forums.debian.net/ viewtopic.php?t=120652
- [3] "Open letter to the Linux World" by Christopher Berry, Linux Kernel Archive, August 12, 2014: http://lkml.iu.edu//hypermail/linux/ kernel/1408.1/02496.html
- [4] Devuan announcement: https://www.devuan.org/os/announce/
- [5] Init Freedom: https://www.devuan. org/os/init-freedom
- [6] Dev1 Galaxy Forum: https://dev1galaxy.org/search.php? search\_id=1415868092
- [7] Devuan's IRC channel: http://reisenweber.net/irclogs/libera/\_ devuan/
- [8] Distros without systemd: https://distrowatch.com/search.php? ostype=All&category=All&origin=All& basedon=All&notbasedon=None& desktop=All&architecture=All& package=All&rolling=All&isosize=All& netinstall=All&language=All& defaultinit=Not+systemd& status=Active#simple
- [9] Maemo Leste: https://maemo-leste.github.io/

## Author

**Bruce Byfield** is a computer journalist and a freelance writer and editor specializing in free and open source software. In addition to his writing projects, he also teaches live and e-learning courses. In his spare time, Bruce writes about Northwest Coast art (*http://brucebyfield.wordpress. com*). He is also co-founder of Prentice Pieces, a blog about writing and fantasy at *https://prenticepieces.com/*.